# ALPHA-1 ANTITRYPSIN DEFICIENCY

# What is Alpha-l Antitrypsin Deficiency?

Alpha-l Antitrypsin (AAT) is a protein made in the liver that protects the lungs from inflammation caused by infection and inhaled irritants (tobacco smoke). Alpha-l Antitrypsin Deficiency occurs when there is little or no AAT in the blood. This deficiency may lead to emphysema and liver disease.

#### What are the Causes?

Alpha-l Antitrypsin is inherited

- Most common inherited disorder
- it is estimated that 1 in 2500 people have this disorder

### What are the Symptoms?

- 1. Shortness of breath
- 2. Wheezing
- 3. Unintentional weight loss
- 4. Chronic cough
- 5. Recurring chest colds
- 6. Trend of lung diseases in family

## How is it Diagnosed?

- 1. Blood test (serum alpha-1 antitrypsin level)
- 2. Mouth swab

#### What is the Treatment?

- 1. Replacement of Alpha-l Antitrypsin protein
- 2. Early treatment for lung infections
- 3. Use of bronchodilators
- 4. Oxygen therapy
- 5. Pulmonary rehabilitation
- 6. Stay current on pneumonia and flu vaccines
- 7. Avoid tobacco smoke, fumes, and dust

